Planting Guide for your native pollinator garden
Use the arrangement below to have a continuous garden - spring, summer, & fall

For best results, use multiple plants of each species.

MIDWEST REGION
IA, IL, IN, KY, MI, MO, MN, OH, WI

6'

yellow coneflower
JOSHUA MAYER

Eastern columbine
CARDINAL FLORAL

stiff goldenrod
ELIZABETH KAUFMAN

common milkweed
FRIEDRICH REYNOLDS

beardtongue
ERIC HUNT

New England aster
ELIZABETH KAUFMAN

wild indigo
KRZYSZTOF ZIARNEK

button blazing star
KRISTINE PAULUS

cardinal flower
USFWS

BLOOM SEASON
Spring Summer Fall

MIDWEST REGION
IA, IL, IN, KY, MI, MO, MN, OH, WI

POLLINATOR PARTNERSHIP
Follow these steps to create your beautiful native pollinator garden

1 Identify your garden spot:
- Find a 3’ x 6’ plot that gets 6+ hours of sun.
- Have a larger area? Include more choices and clump the same species together.
- Remove or smother existing lawn or vegetation.
- Enhance hard-packed soil with organic compost.

2 Buy plants at a local native plant nursery, if possible.

3 Plant!
- Arrange plants with different seasonal blooms in your plot.
- Dig holes twice as large as each plant’s pot.
- Remove the plant from the pot, loosen the roots, place it in the hole, backfill, tamp soil, and water.
- Mulch plot to depth < 1 inch, keeping mulch away from stems and avoid using hardwood chips and shreds.

4 Maintain your garden:
- Water to keep moist throughout the first two weeks, then as needed or when plants droop.
- Weed as needed.
- Avoid using insecticides, herbicides, or fungicides.
- Be patient - your garden may take a few years to fully establish and fill in!

Add your garden: www.millionpollinatorgardens.org

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**BLOOM SEASON | NATIVE PLANT OPTIONS**

*Your state’s native plant society can recommend locally appropriate native species in the genus below. See [North American Pollinator Protection Campaign Ecoregional Planting Guides](http://pollinator.org/guides) for additional information.*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SEASON</th>
<th>FIRST OPTION</th>
<th>SECOND OPTION</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Spring</strong></td>
<td>Eastern columbine <em>Aquilegia canadensis</em></td>
<td>wild geranium <em>Geranium maculatum</em></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>wild indigo <em>Baptisia spp.</em></td>
<td>spiderwort <em>Tradescantia spp.</em></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>beardtongue <em>Penstemon spp.</em></td>
<td>golden Alexanders <em>Zizia aurea</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Summer</strong></td>
<td>button blazing star <em>Liatris aspera</em></td>
<td>blazing star <em>Liatris spp.</em></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>common milkweed <em>Asclepias syriaca</em></td>
<td>butterfly milkweed <em>Asclepias tuberosa</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>yellow coneflower <em>Ratibida pinnata</em></td>
<td>black-eyed Susan <em>Rudbeckia hirta</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Fall</strong></td>
<td>cardinal flower <em>Lobelia cardinalis</em></td>
<td>common boneset <em>Eupatorium perfoliatum</em></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>stiff goldenrod <em>Oligoneuron rigidum</em></td>
<td>showy goldenrod <em>Solidago speciosa</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>New England aster <em>Symphyotrichum novae-angliae</em></td>
<td>smooth blue aster <em>Symphyotrichum laeve</em></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* color dots above indicate bloom color
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