Tomato



Common Pests:

Hornworms Thrips

White Flies Flea Beetles

Colorado Potato Beetle

Natural Enemies of Pests:

Damsel Bug Spined Soldier Bug

Green Lacewing Ladybeetles

Parasitoid Wasps Stilt Bugs

Minute Pirate Bug

Essential Pollinators:

Bumblebees Solitary Bees

Indiana Native Pollen/Nectar Plants that Help Support Pollinators and other Beneficials:

SPRING-SUMMER

- Milkweeds (Asclepias spp.)
- New Jersey Tea (Ceanothus americanus)
- Black-eyed Susan (Rudbeckia hirta)

SUMMER

- 4 Sneezeweed
 (Helenium autumnale)
- 5 Bergamot
 (Monarda spp.)
- 6 Coneflowers
 (Echinacea spp.)

SUMMER-FALL

- Rattlesnake Master (Eryngium yuccifolium)
- 8Boneset
- (Eupatorium spp.) **9** Goldenrods
- (Solidago spp.)









USDA and its partners are equal opportunity providers, employers and lenders.

The Pollinator Connection Indiana Specialty Crops Infographic Series - Tomato Edition



Indiana Farms & Harvested Acres according to the 2017 Census of Agriculture, National Agriculture Statistics Service, Pest, Beneficial, and Pollinator associations sourced from Marion County SWCD. Beneficial Insects for Fruit and Vegetable Growers & Wildflowers for Beneficial Insects. Published by the USDA-NRCS in collaboration with Pollinator Partnership. 2021. Designed and produced by Jared O'Brien, Amber Barnes, and Joanna Scott. Background photo: cucumber vine beginning to flower. Native plant photos: USDA, NRCS. 2021. PLANTS Database (https://plants.sc.egov.usda.gov/, 06/29/2021). National Plant Data Team, Greensboro, NC 27401-4901 USA