

Tomato

Common Pests:

Hornworms
White Flies
Thrips
Flea Beetles
Colorado Potato Beetle

Natural Enemies of Pests:

Damself Bug
Spined Soldier Bug
Green Lacewing
Ladybeetles
Parasitoid Wasps
Stilt Bugs
Minute Pirate Bug

Essential Pollinators:

Bumblebees
Solitary Bees



598

Indiana Farms

7,867

Acres Harvested

Indiana Native Pollen/Nectar Plants that Help Support Pollinators and other Beneficials:

SPRING-SUMMER

- 1 Milkweeds (*Asclepias* spp.)
- 2 New Jersey Tea (*Ceanothus americanus*)
- 3 Black-eyed Susan (*Rudbeckia hirta*)

SUMMER

- 4 Sneezeweed (*Helianthus autumnale*)
- 5 Bergamot (*Monarda* spp.)
- 6 Coneflowers (*Echinacea* spp.)

SUMMER-FALL

- 7 Rattlesnake Master (*Eryngium yuccifolium*)
- 8 Boneset (*Eupatorium* spp.)
- 9 Goldenrods (*Solidago* spp.)

USDA and its partners are equal opportunity providers, employers and lenders.



The Pollinator Connection

Indiana Specialty Crops

Infographic Series - Tomato Edition



1



4



7



2



5



8



3



6



9

Indiana Farms & Harvested Acres according to the 2017 Census of Agriculture, National Agriculture Statistics Service. Pest, Beneficial, and Pollinator associations sourced from Marion County SWCD, Beneficial Insects for Fruit and Vegetable Growers & Wildflowers for Beneficial Insects. Published by the USDA-NRCS in collaboration with Pollinator Partnership. 2021. Designed and produced by Jared O'Brien, Amber Barnes, and Joanna Scott. Background photo: cucumber vine beginning to flower. Native plant photos: USDA, NRCS, 2021. PLANTS Database (<https://plants.sc.egov.usda.gov/>, 06/29/2021), National Plant Data Team, Greensboro, NC 27401-4901 USA